

Twenty-Year-Old OCR Gets A Makeover: New OCR Pipeline for Chronicling America National Digital Newspaper Program (NDNP)

Robin Pike

NDNP Coordinator, Library of Congress

rpike@loc.gov

Nathan Yarasavage

NDNP Production Lead, Library of Congress

nyarasavage@loc.gov



LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

**SERIAL & GOVERNMENT
PUBLICATIONS DIVISION**

National Digital Newspaper Program (NDNP)

Intro to NDNP

What is NDNP?

- Partnership
 - [National Endowment for the Humanities \(NEH\)](#)
 - [Library of Congress \(LC\)](#)
 - [State partner organizations](#)
- Develop searchable database of U.S. newspapers
- Funded by the NEH NDNP awards
- Permanently maintained at LC



What is Chronicling America?

- Chronicling America
- Free, publicly accessible database of newspapers
 - 1770-1963
 - +21 million pages
 - 3,960 newspaper titles
 - 50 states, DC, PR, VI



Chronicling America Users

- Interface users
 - Students/teachers
 - Genealogists
 - Historians
 - Cultural heritage insts
 - Many other researchers
- Data users
 - Bulk data via API



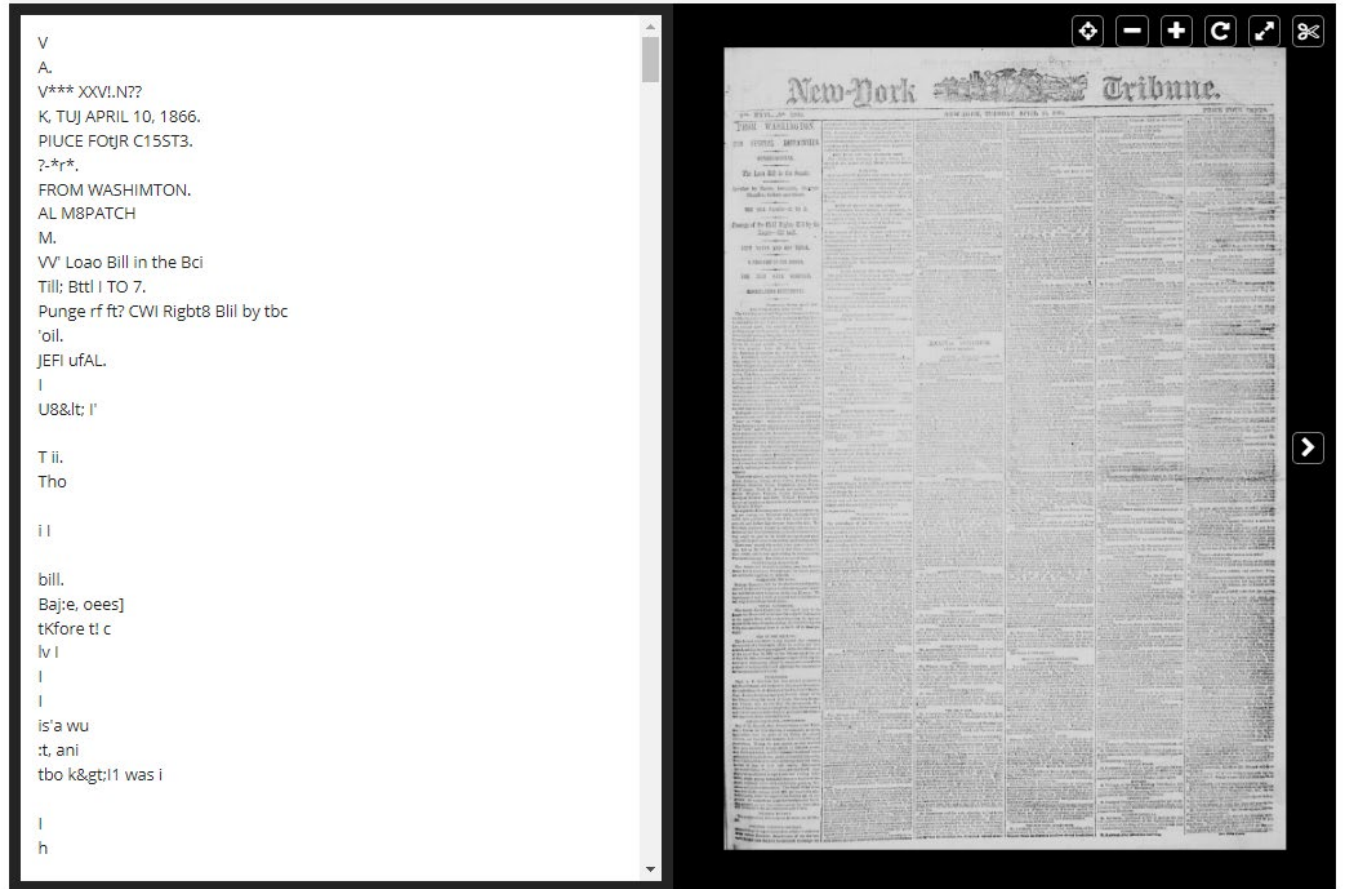
The screenshot displays the Chronicling America website interface. At the top, the Library of Congress logo is visible alongside the text "LIBRARY OF CONGRESS". A search bar and a "This Collection" dropdown menu are present. Below the header, the page title "Chronicling America" is displayed in orange, with "Historic American Newspapers" underneath. The National Endowment for the Humanities logo and the word "BETA" are also visible. A navigation menu includes "About this Collection", "Collection Items", and "All Digitized Titles". The main content area features a section titled "100 Years Ago Today — Nov 03, 1923 | All issues (43)". Below this, four newspaper page thumbnails are shown with their respective titles and dates: "The Athens republic (Athens, Ga.) November 3, 1923", "Daily Kennebec journal (Augusta, Me.) November 3, 1923", "New Britain herald (New Britain, Conn.) November 3, 1923", and "The McCarthy weekly news (McCarthy, Alaska), November 3, 1923". A "Listen to this page" button is located below the thumbnails. On the left side, a sidebar menu lists various sections: "About this Collection", "Related Resources", "Rights and Access", "Technical Information", "Expert Resources", "Recommended Topics in Chronicling America", "Directory of U.S. Newspapers in American Libraries", "National Digital Newspaper Program", "Newspaper and Current Periodical Reading Room", "Ask a Librarian in Serial and Government Publications Division", "Collections with Newspapers", and "APIs for LoC.gov". The main content area below the thumbnails contains the heading "About this Collection" and the sub-heading "Search America's Historic Newspaper Pages through 1963". A "Please Note" section provides information about the website's transition to a new digital collection format. The "Using the Digital Collection" section offers guidance on how to explore the collection and find research guides.

NDNP Deliverables

- Batch
 - One to multiple titles, multiple reels or print, structured in hierarchy
 - Up to 10,000 pages
- Batch package
 - Images
 - TIFF for preservation – not accessible through website
 - JP2000 for high-res downloads, zooming in/display
 - PDF for quick, full-page downloads
 - METS XML
 - Contextual data about the newspaper page, issue, title, reel
 - ALTO XML file for Optical Character Recognition text (OCR)
 - OCR+page coordinates
 - Enables hit-highlighting

OCR Issues

- OCR Quality
 - Damaged/poorly printed original print
 - Scanning from microfilm, not the original
 - Bad column zoning
 - Tiny text
- OCR quality variability
 - Varies from title to title
 - OCR engines have dramatically improved from 2005-2023



National Digital Newspaper Program (NDNP)

NDNP-Open-OCR Pipeline

NDNP-Open-OCR

NDNP-Open-OCR is an **open-source project** developed by the Library of Congress for **re-processing OCR** of NDNP data.

NDNP-Open-OCR

Initial Goals:

- Plan and test OCR reprocessing for a targeted set of pages digitized prior to 2012.
- Incorporate re-processed OCR content into Chronicling America.

Guiding Principles:

- Needs to work at-scale, cost effective, adaptable for NDNP, highly automated



Image Source: <https://www.loc.gov/resource/ds.02121/>

NDNP-Open-OCR

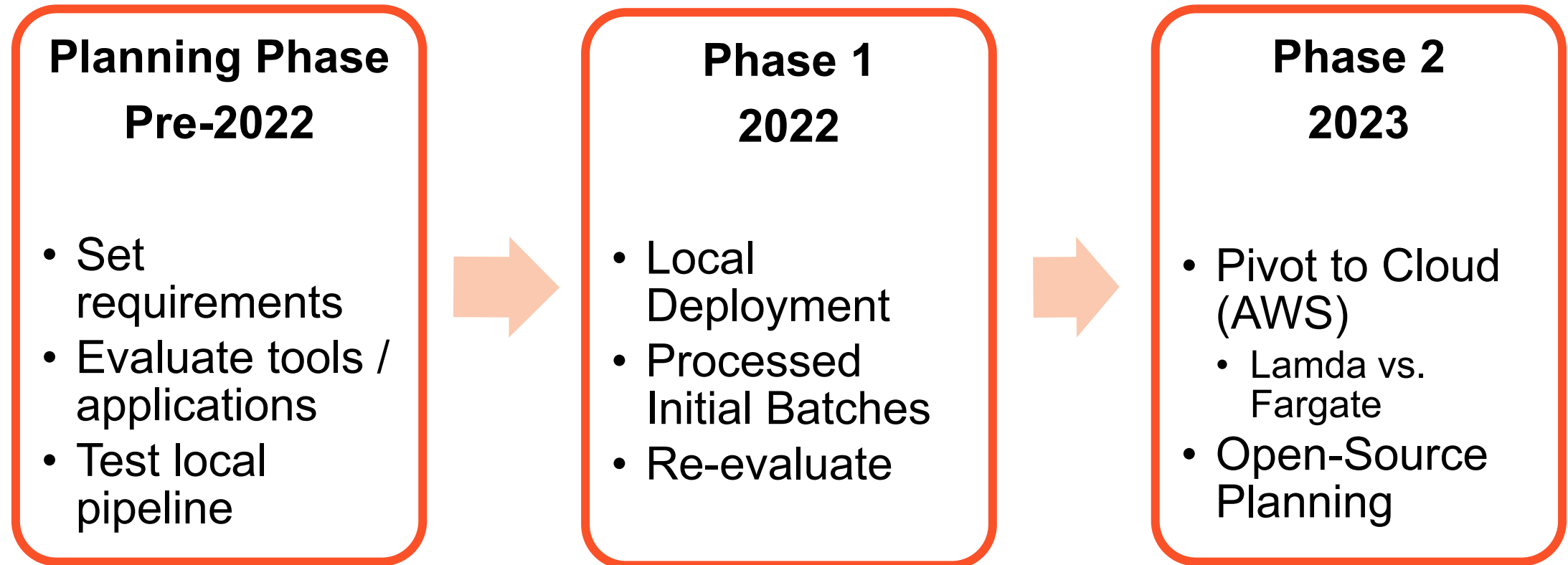
The NDNP-Open-OCR pipeline...

- creates new **ALTO XML** and **PDF** files for NDNP batches,
- can be deployed locally or in common **cloud environments**,
- uses **Tesseract** and custom post-processing steps,
- can be accessed via **command line interface**, and
- has potential to be **adapted** for other data.



NDNP-Open-OCR

Timeline



NDNP-Open-OCR Open-Source Tools:

Processing

- **OpenCV** and **Python Pillow Library (PIL)** for **pre-processing of JP2 files**
- **Tesseract** for production of new ALTO OCR and PDF files
- **ExifTool** and **Ghostscript** for **post-processing PDF files**
 - Preserve RDF metadata
 - Set display and compression settings
- **BeautifulSoup** (Python Library) and **custom Python script** for **post-processing ALTO files**
 - Correct end-of-line hyphenation in OCR

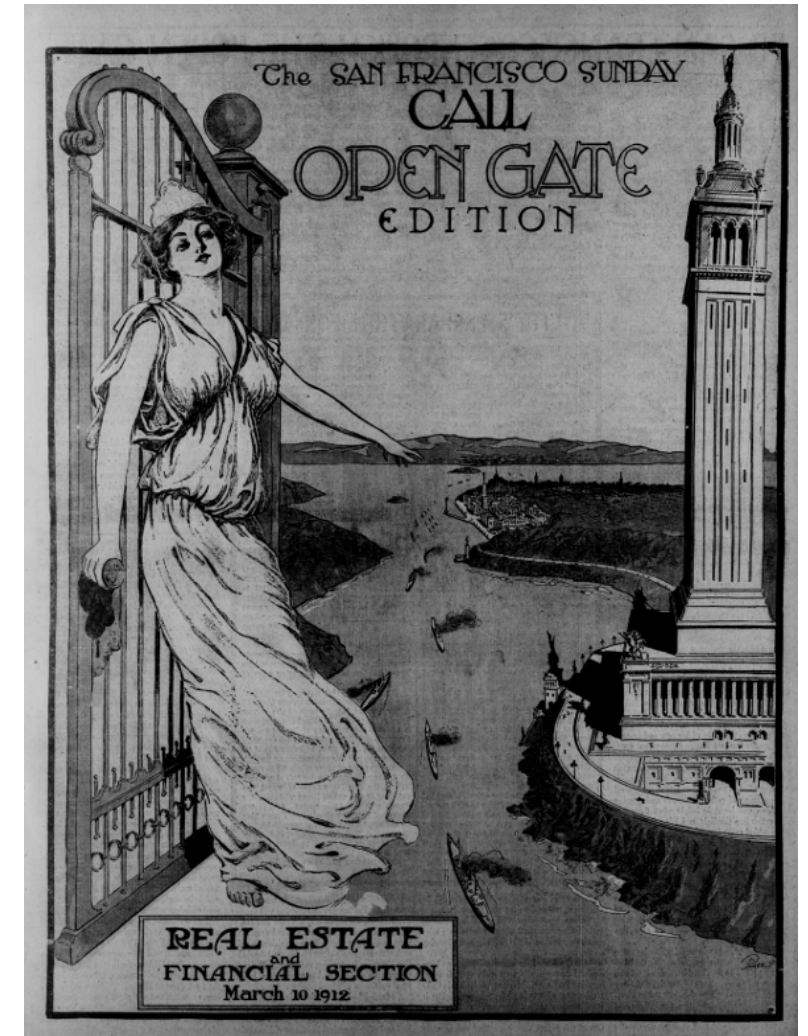


Image Source: <https://chroniclingamerica.loc.gov/lccn/sn85066387/1912-03-10/ed-1/seq-17/>

NDNP-Open-OCR Open-Source Tools:

Infrastructure

- **Terraform** for IAC (infrastructure as code) / cloud infrastructure **at scale**
- **boto3** (AWS Python Library) for **interfacing with AWS Services**
- **Docker** for **containerizing code** and making easy to run anywhere
- **Flask** (Python backend application) for Fargate tasks and **parallel processing**. Can scale up to as many workers as we want/need.

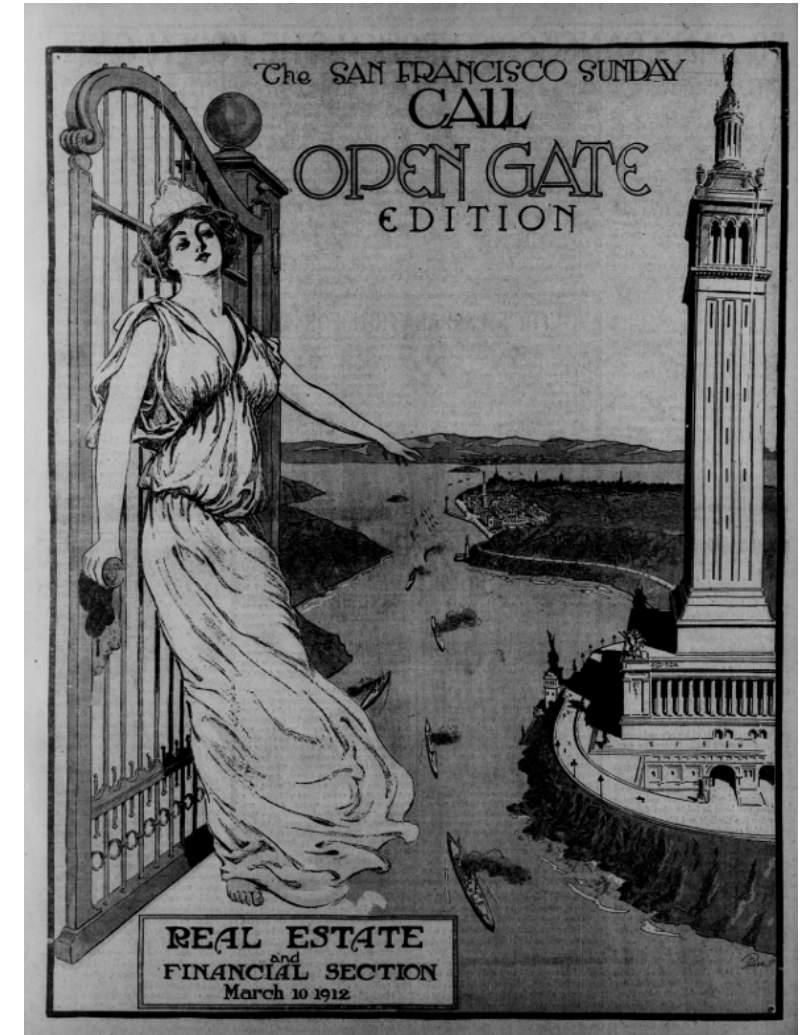


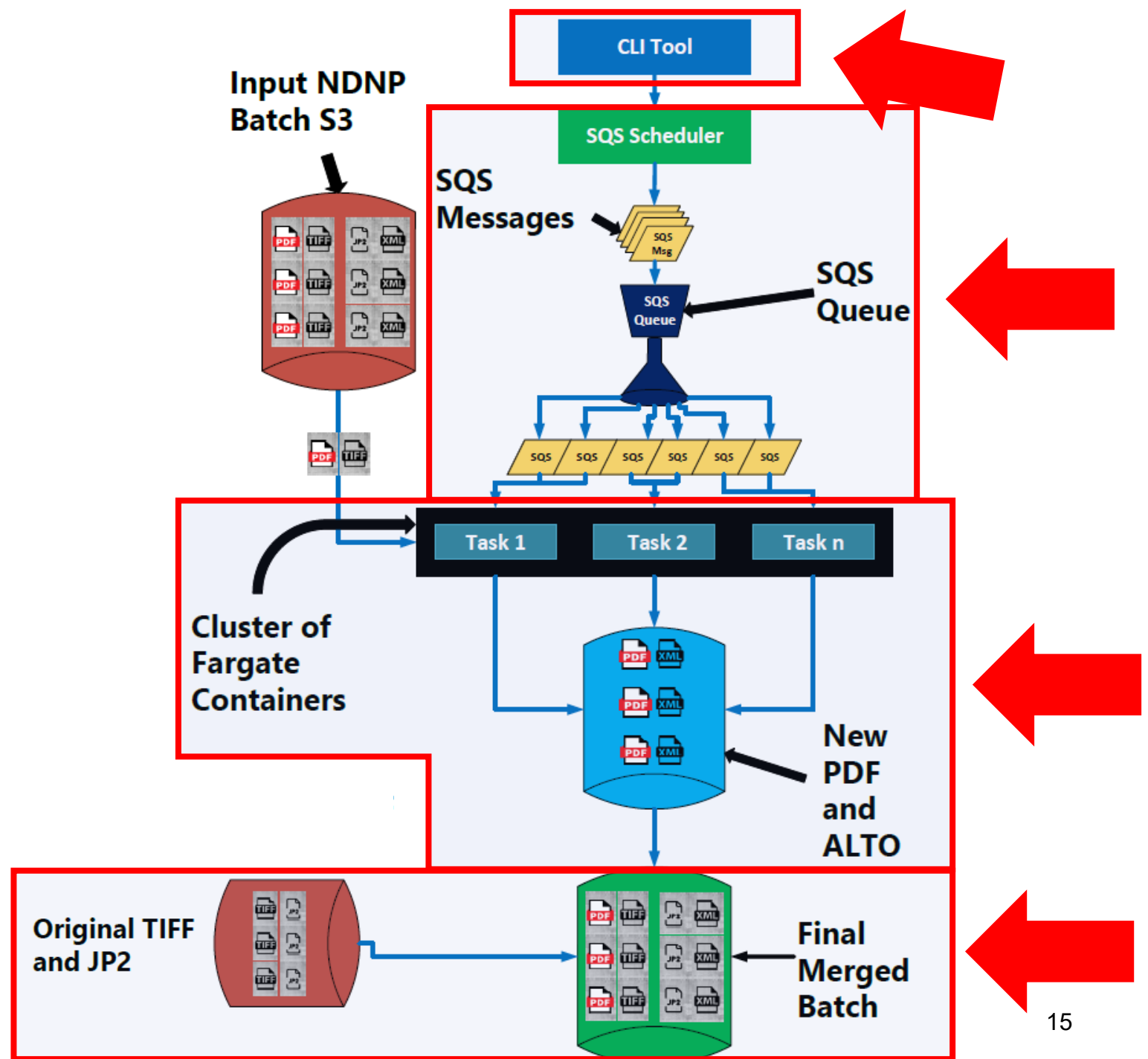
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NDNP-Open-OCR AWS Pipeline

- Deployed using Terraform (IAC) tool to Amazon Web Services (AWS) cloud environment.

AWS services used in the pipeline include:

- Amazon Simple Queue Service (SQS)
- Serverless services (AWS Fargate)
- Amazon Simple Storage Service (Amazon S3)



Before Reprocessing

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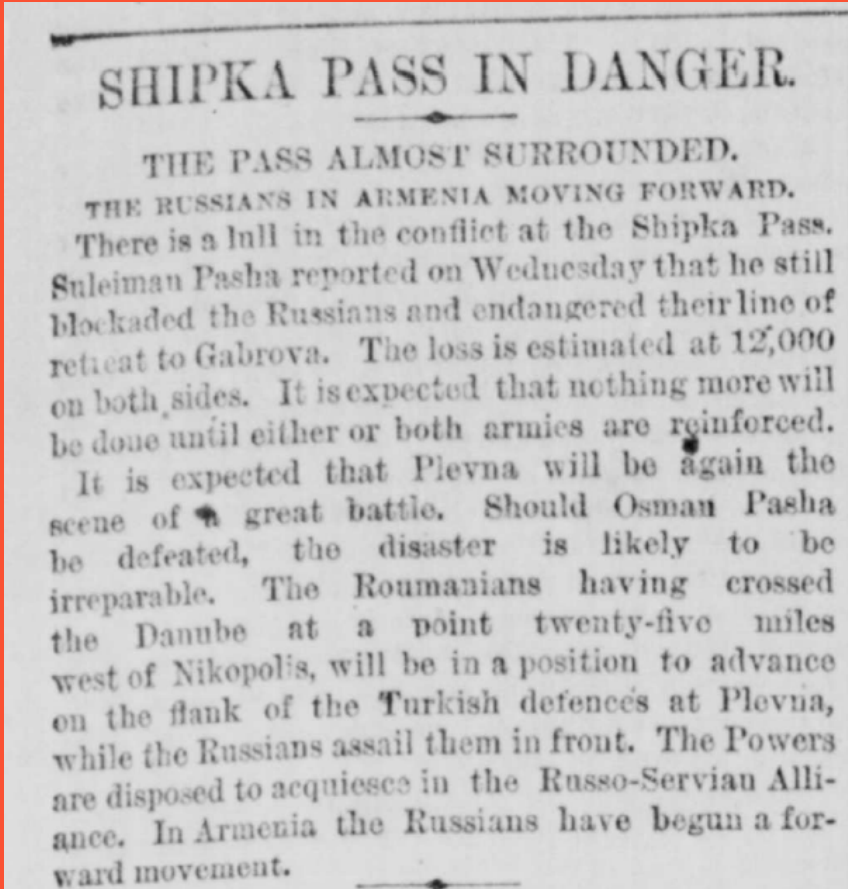
THE PASS ALMOST SURROUNDED.

THE RUSSIANS IN ARMENIA MOVING FORWARD.

There is a lull in the conflict at the Shipka Pass. Suleiman Pasha reported on Wednesday that he still blockaded the Russians and endangered their line of retreat to Gabrova. The loss is estimated at 12,000 on both sides. It is expected that nothing more will be done until either or both armies are reinforced.

It is expected that Plevna will be again the scene of a great battle. Should Osman Pasha be defeated, the disaster is likely to be irreparable. The Roumanians having crossed the Danube at a point twenty-five miles west of Nikopolis, will be in a position to advance on the flank of the Turkish defences at Plevna, while the Russians assail them in front. The Powers are disposed to acquiesce in the Russo-Servian Alliance. In Armenia the Russians have begun a forward movement.

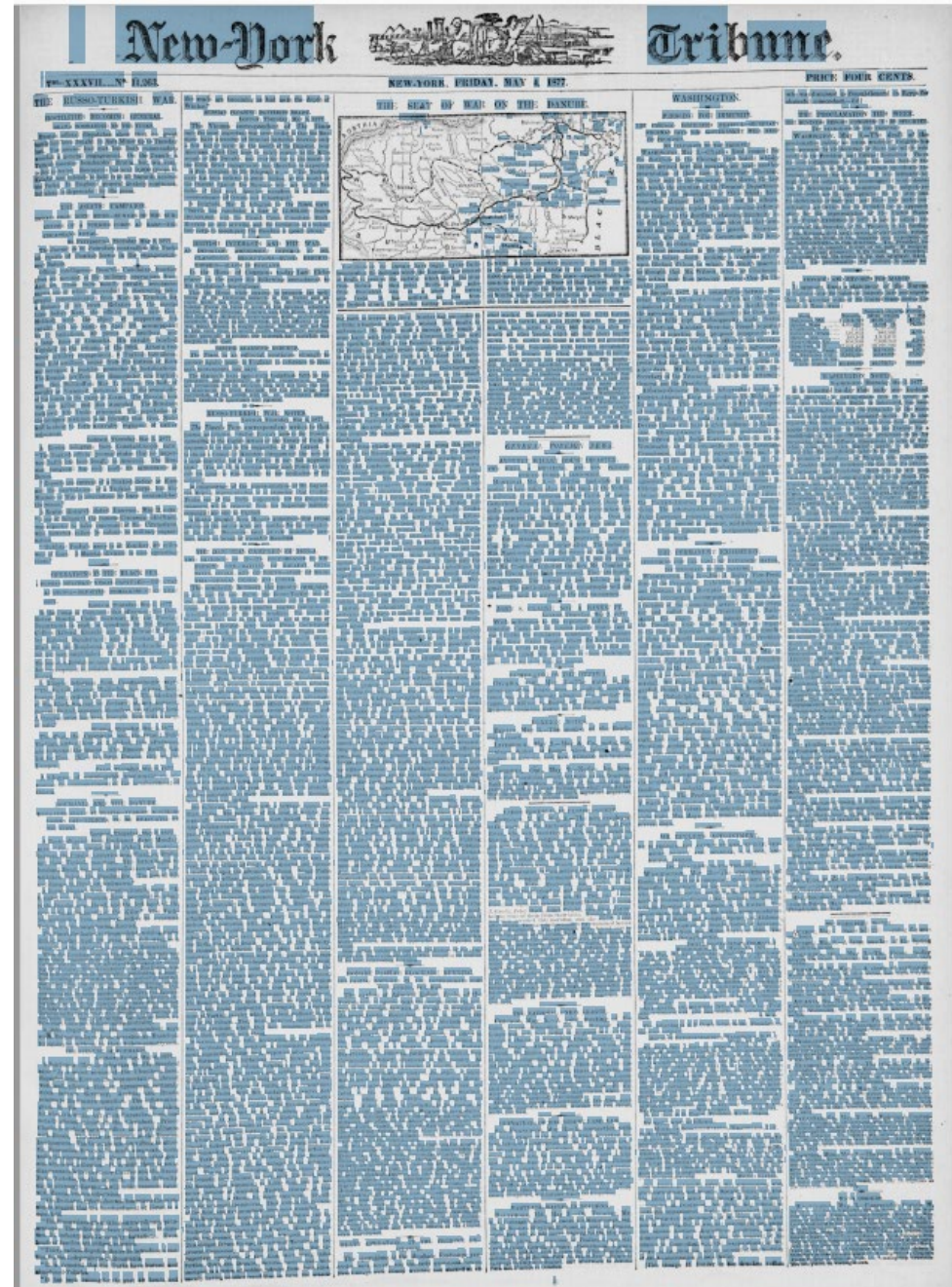
After Reprocessing



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After Reprocessing

- Column-level zoning adherence



NDNP-Open-OCR: Releasing as Open-Source Pipeline

- Benefit to Chronicling America researchers/ website users:
 - Improve search results
 - Clean up dirty data for bulk data / text mining users
- Benefit to Library of Congress collections:
 - Smaller Solr index to maintain for LC, future migration and collection maintenance will be easier
- Benefit to NDNP:
 - NDNP awardees and institutions using NDNP standards can use to improve their collections
- Benefit to the Digital Library community:
 - DL community and DH researchers can fork and adapt to local needs

NDNP-Open-OCR

Next Steps

- Finish work on AWS pipeline and Command Line Interface (CLI) Fall 2023
- Export and re-ingest new versions of ~20 batches
- Create “bad OCR” batch nomination process
 - Early batches
 - Low searchability
 - Known missing/duplicate OCR
 - Batches with an unusually high number of “unique words” in Solr
 - Languages with a new OCR engine
- Run ~25 more batches
- Release pipeline, code as Open Source on LC GitHub

Note: NDNP-Open-OCR is still in R&D phase. Details are subject to change.

Thanks!

Robin Pike
NDNP Coordinator, Library of Congress
rpik@loc.gov

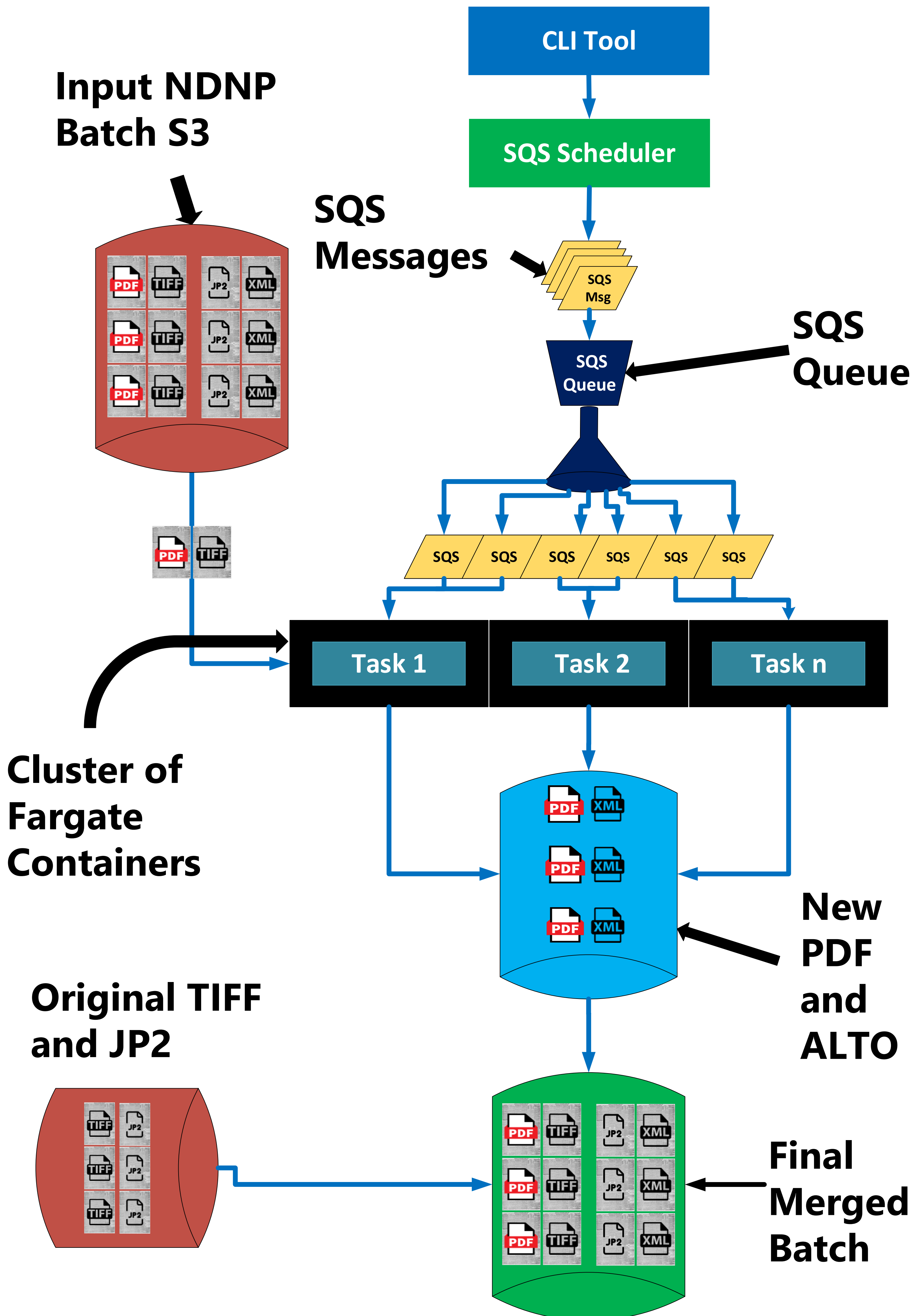
Nathan Yarasavage
NDNP Production Lead, Library of Congress
nyarasavage@loc.gov

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Questions?



NDNP Open OCR AWS Pipeline



The motivation for the creation of this pipeline is to re-OCR NDNP batch data at-scale in a cost-effective way. The application is deployed via Terraform IAC to Amazon Web Services (AWS) cloud environment.

Workflow

1. The flow begins by triggering a NDNP batch to be processed in the NDNP Open OCR Start step.
2. The SQS Scheduler will read the contents of the NDNP batch data in the INPUT S3 bucket, then creates 1 SQS message for each newspaper page, submitting these to the SQS queue.
3. The Queue then feeds messages to the NDNP Open OCR Fargate tasks for PDF and ALTO file creation.
4. The parallel Fargate tasks read the original TIFF files from the INPUT S3 bucket, and run Tesseract on those to generate new files with greater OCR quality.
5. Both the PDF and ALTO generators will write outputs to a desired location in an output bucket, specified by Terraform IAC code. For each newspaper page in a batch, there will be 1 output PDF and 1 output ALTO file, to be pulled down and merged with local batch data later.

Updated: 11/7/2023
Pipeline subject to change.